**江西省2024—2025学年上学期第一次模拟选科联考**

**高一英语**

**试卷共8页，67小题，满分150分。考试用时120分钟。**

**注意事项：**

**1.考查范围：必修第一册Unit 1 ~ Unit 3。**

**2.答卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号等填写在答题卡指定位置上。**

**3.回答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。回答非选择题时，将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷上无效。**

**4.考生必须保持答题卡的整洁。考试结束后，请将答题卡交回。**

**第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）**

**做题时，先将答案标在试卷上，录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。**

**第一节 （共5小题；每小题1.5分，满分7.5分）**

**听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。**

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £19.15. B. £9.18. C. £9.15.

答案是C。

1. 【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

What is the woman looking for?

A. The library. B. The classroom. C. The path.

【答案】A

【解析】

【原文】W: Excuse me, can you tell me which building is the library?

M: Yes. Walk along the path for 5 minutes and you will see a white building near the river. That is the library.

2. 【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

Which team does the man want to join?

A. The basketball team. B. The swimming team. C. The running team.

【答案】B

【解析】

【原文】W: Have you signed up for the school basketball team? I heard the team is looking for players.

M: No, I’m more interested in swimming and running. So I’d like to join the swimming team this term.

3. 【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

How will Jane go to school?

A. By bike. B. On foot. C. By car.

【答案】C

【解析】

【原文】M: Jane, will you ride the bike to the school?

W: I’m not sure. I’m worried I’ll be late for school if I walk or ride a bike.

M: Well, I can give you a lift. You can take my car.

W: OK. Thanks.

4. 【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

Who is making some noise?

A. Jack. B. The man. C. The woman.

【答案】A

【解析】

【原文】M: Mum, I’m preparing my math test, but my brother Jack is too noisy now.

W: Don’t worry, Tom. I’ll take him for a walk and you will have 2 hours for your test.

M: Thanks, Mum. Two hours is enough.

5. 【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

What does the woman often do to kill time?

A. Listen to music.

B. Watch a play.

C. Do some housework.

【答案】C

【解析】

【原文】W: So what do you do in your free time?

M: I usually listen to music or watch an interesting film. What about you?

W: I often do some housework to kill time. I think doing it makes me relaxed.

**第二节（共15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分）**

**听下面5段对话或独白，每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。**

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

6. Why did the woman miss the speech by Mr. Smith?

A. She was attending an exam.

B. She was preparing for an exam.

C. She was sharing some interesting stories.

7. When will Mr. Smith give a second speech?

A. This Friday. B. Next Monday. C. Next Tuesday.

【答案】6. B 7. C

【解析】

【原文】M: Emily, did you attend the speech by Mr. Smith last Friday?

W: No, I will have an exam next Monday, so I was preparing for the exam last week. How did you feel about it?

M: That was great. To make him understood by us, Mr. Smith shared some interesting examples.

W: It’s a pity that I missed it. I wish I had attended so good a speech.

M: You are lucky to have another chance. It’s said that he will give another speech next Tuesday.

W: That’s really good news.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

8. What are the speakers talking about?

A. A film. B. A park. C. A cinema.

9. What will the speakers do?

A. Take a walk. B. Go home. C. Have a dinner.

【答案】8. A 9. C

【解析】

【原文】W: The story isn’t interesting at all. So the film is totally a failure.

M: I don’t think so. I think the film is educational and the actors are skilled. I really think it worth seeing.

W: But the ending is too terrible. The leading character suffers a lot and leads a hard life.

M: I agree with you. And that is impossible in real life.

W: It makes me so upset.

M: Let’s take a walk in the park near the cinema. The air is fresh and the scene is certain to feel good.

W: I have no mood. And I’m a little hungry. We’d better eat something before enjoying the scenery.

M: OK. I know a good restaurant. I’m sure you will be glad to have a dinner there.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

10. How many bedrooms does the house have?

A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

11. Which of the following is passed down from elders?

A. The bed. B. The chair. C. The dinner table.

12. What’s the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Strangers. B. Relatives. C. Colleagues.

【答案】10. B 11. C 12. C

【解析】

【原文】W: Hello, Tom. Welcome to my house.

M: Thanks. Wow, your house is so big. I like it very much.

W: Let me show you around it. Look, this is the sitting room.

M: The color of the wallpaper is so beautiful. That makes your room comfortable.

W: Thanks. Those are our bedrooms. The biggest is mine, the smallest is my son’s and the middle one belongs to my daughter. I just bought new beds and curtains for my children.

M: Wow, they look so warm. This is the kitchen, right? It’s so neat, so I guess you like cooking.

W: Yeah. I always cook dinner for my children.

M: You’re a good mother. Your dining table is old but strong.

W: It is passed down from my grandparents and it is over 60 years old. But the chairs were bought last year.

M: It has been two years since we became co-workers. But this seems the first time I have visited your house.

W: That’s true. Actually, we just moved to the house half a year ago. The reason why we bought it is that it’s close to our company.

听下面一段较长对话，回答以下小题。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

13. What’s the man researching on?

A. Sleeping quality. B. School life. C. Students’ hobbies.

14. What subject does the woman like best?

A. English. B. Math. C. Physics.

15. When is the school’s lights-out time?

A. At 9:30 pm. B. At 10:00 pm. C. At 11:00 pm.

16. What’s the woman’s problem?

A. Homesickness.

B. Study challenge.

C. Relationship between classmates.

【答案】13. B 14. A 15. B 16. A

【解析】

【原文】M: Ella, I’m doing a survey on students’ life. How do you feel at your school?

W: Er, I like it because the school is bigger and more beautiful than my junior school.

M: What about your teachers and classmates?

W: My teachers are hard-working and strict with us. And the classmates are friendly and easy to get on with.

M: Which subject is your favorite?

W: My favorite is English though it is a little difficult for me. I’m good at Math and Physics.

M: How is your sleep at the new place?

W: Every night I can sleep about 7 hours. The evening class finishes at 9:30 pm. And the light is turned off half an hour later. But I fall asleep nearly at 11:00 pm.

M: I see. Do you meet some problems at school?

W: I never left my home, so I often miss my parents.

M: That’s common for the freshmen. If necessary, you can call them. The telephone is near the dining hall.

W: Thanks for your advice.

M: Thanks for answering my questions.

听下面一段独白，回答以下小题。【此处可播放相关音频，请去附件查看】

17. What does the speech focus on?

A. A voluntary activity. B. A learning experience. C. A community competition.

18. What was the speaker required to do to perform better?

A. Work in groups.

B. Learn from a video.

C. Ask for parents’ agreement.

19. What gained the most attention?

A. The group’s speech.

B. The ways to sort garbage.

C. The question-and-answer activity.

20. What does the speaker think of the activity?

A. Valueless. B. Rewarding. C. Awkward.

【答案】17. A 18. B 19. C 20. B

【解析】

【原文】W: Hi, everyone. My name is Lily and I’m honored to stand here to share my most meaningful experience with you. Last weekend I took part in a community voluntary activity. To do a better job, I had been required to study how to sort garbage through a video. But it was difficult for me and I felt confused. Thankfully, my parents came to teach me and finally I was offered a chance to do something for the activity. Then it was time for the voluntary activity. The purpose was to understand the importance of garbage-sorting and protecting the environment. All the volunteers gathered at the school gate early in the morning and then we took a bus to the community. On arriving at the community, we were divided into four groups, each making a speech to people living there. We gave a detailed introduction about the measures of garbage-sorting. Meanwhile, we stressed the difference it would make to our community. Moreover, a special question-and-answer activity left the best impression on the people. Through this activity, we have not only enriched our social experience, but also understood the value of environmental protection. I sincerely hope we can have another chance to make our hometown more and more beautiful. That’s all. Thanks for your listening!

**第二部分 阅读（共两节，满分50分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题2.5分，满分37.5分）**

**阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出最佳选项。**

**A**

The Guangzhou Institutes (机构) of Biomedicine and Health (GIBH) is a research center based in the Pearl River Delta region of China. The center has more than 500 graduate students/ scientists from 10 countries. It offers a set of world-class equipment and platforms for scientific research, with focuses on developing creative solutions for disease prevention and treatment. GIBH has founded internationally recognized research programs in biology and drug discovery. New positions are now open. Details are as follows.

**Job Type**

Director, Engineer and Researcher

**Employer**

Guangzhou Institutes of Biomedicine and Health (GIBH)

**Closing Date**

23 Dec. 2024

**Employment-Hours**

Full time

**Qualifications (资格) and Requirements**

1. A doctor degree with a good knowledge of Biology or related fields is a must.

2. You should have experience as a professor in universities or as a researcher in major national research programs.

3. Strong leadership is a good advantage for the role.

4. You had better have the ability to inspire research teams.

5. Excellent communication skills and the ability to speak English fluently are advantages.

**Benefits**

Successful candidates (候选人) will receive an internationally competitive salary, and a benefits package that includes a generous housing allowance, a high-end medical care plan, enough laboratory space, excellent equipment, and research support. Also, candidates have a chance to work with talents in the field.

**Contact Us**

For those who are interested, please send your personal information, including your future research plans and a list of published papers, to our email box. Our email address is hr@gibh.ac.cn. For more information, please contact at 86 (020) 32015250, 32015281.

21 Which of the following meets the requirements?

A. A student looking for a part-time job.

B. A professor with a biology doctor degree.

C. A graduate fluent in a foreign language.

D. A researcher focusing on studying wild animals.

22. What will successful candidates receive?

A. A house. B. Free medical care.

C. Further study abroad. D. Good research support.

23. Where is the text probably from?

A. An advertisement. B. A news report.

C. A science fiction. D. A travel book.

【答案】21. B 22. D 23. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇应用文。文章主要介绍了广州生物医药与健康研究院（GIBH）的基本信息、招聘的职位类型、资格要求、福利待遇以及联系方式，目的是吸引符合要求的候选人申请相关职位。

【21题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章**Qualifications (资格) and Requirements**部分中的“A doctor degree with a good knowledge of Biology or related fields is a must. (必须拥有生物学或相关领域的博士学位，并具备良好知识。)”和“You should have experience as a professor in universities or as a researcher in major national research programs. (您应具有在大学担任教授或在国家重大研究项目中担任研究员的经验。)”可知，应聘者必须拥有生物学或相关领域的博士学位，并且应具备在大学担任教授或在国家重大研究项目中担任研究员的经验。因此，选项B“A professor with a biology doctor degree (拥有生物学博士学位的教授)”符合要求。故选B。

【22题详解】

细节理解题。根据文章**Benefits**部分中的“Successful candidates (候选人) will receive an internationally competitive salary, and a benefits package that includes a generous housing allowance, a high-end medical care plan, enough laboratory space, excellent equipment, and research support. (成功入选的候选人将获得具有国际竞争力的薪酬，以及包括慷慨的住房补贴、高端医疗保健计划、充足的实验室空间、卓越的设备以及研究支持在内的福利包。)”可知，成功入选的候选人将获得优秀的研究设备和研究支持。故选D。

【23题详解】

推理判断题。根据文章内容可知，文章是一则招聘启事，详细列出了招聘的职位、资格要求、福利待遇以及联系方式，这些都是广告中常见的元素。此外，招聘启事本质上就是一种广告，旨在吸引符合要求的人才申请相关职位。故选A。

**B**

Ranjita Gogoi was born in a small village Assam in 1962. When she was a girl, everyone could find Ranjita Gogoi jumping and running around all the time. Also, she never felt tired. In college, she became the volleyball captain. But sports gave way to marriage and her children. However, one thing that remained in her mind was going to the gym.

What changed this mother of two into a champion was the opening of a swimming pool in 2011. Ranjita, who was then in her late 40s, dove into the pool. Soon, she started competing in national and international level competitions and winning many games. Interested in competitive sports, she then tried her hand at powerlifting (举重) and wrestling too. The result earned her the title of “Iron Lady of Assam” at the state level.

“We are happy she can take up her hobbies. I remember the first time she won a competition in swimming. It was about in 2013 or 2014 and we held a big party for her with all relatives and friends. It was one of her happiest moment I had ever seen,” said her son Anjumon, his voice filled with pride.

After completing a degree in agriculture in college, Ranjita got a job. After marriage, she moved to the Philippines for a few years for her husband’s PhD degree. Always eager to learn, she went after a course in computer programming there. “I always had an idea to move up in life and looked for solutions no matter what challenges I faced,” said the champion.

Ranjita kept herself busy tending to her beautiful garden, a hobby that she continues even today. She was soon kept busier because she would compete in more new sports events other than swimming and wrestling.

24. What do we know about Ranjita Gogoi in her childhood?

A. She did well in school. B. She was full of energy.

C. She joined a volleyball team. D. She had strong interest in gym.

25. What was the turning point of Ranjita Gogoi’s major life change?

A. A swimming pool opened.

B. She became a mother of two children.

C. She competed in national competitions.

D. Powerlifting and wrestling became her interest.

26. How did Ranjita Gogoi’s family probably feel at her performance?

A. Annoyed. B. Proud. C. Surprised. D. Disappointed.

27. What’s the best title of the text?

A. The Challenges of a Mother B. The Qualities of a Champion

C. The Story of a Champion Mother D. The Hobbies of a Special Champion

【答案】24. B 25. A 26. B 27. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要介绍了RanjitaGogoi多年后重新开始参加各种体育比赛并获得冠军的故事。

【24题详解】

细节理解题。根据第一段“When she was a girl, everyone could find Ranjita Gogoi jumping and running around all the time. Also, she never felt tired. (当Ranjita Gogoi还是个小女孩的时候，每个人都能发现她总是蹦蹦跳跳地跑来跑去。而且，她从不觉得累。)”可知，RanjitaGogoi小时候总是跑跑跳跳，而且不感觉到累，所以童年的她是精力充沛的。故选B。

【25题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段第一句话“What changed this mother of two into a champion was the opening of a swimming pool in 2011. (让这位两个孩子的母亲成为冠军的是2011年开放的一个游泳池。)”可知，Ranjita Gogoi人生改变的转折点是一个游泳池的开放。故选A。

【26题详解】

推理判断题。根据第三段““We are happy she can take up her hobbies. I remember the first time she won a competition in swimming. It was about in 2013 or 2014 and we held a big party for her with all relatives and friends. It was one of her happiest moment I had ever seen,” said her son Anjumon, his voice filled with pride.(“我们很高兴她能培养自己的爱好。我记得她第一次赢得游泳比赛的时候。大约在2013年或2014年，我们和所有的亲戚朋友一起为她举办了一个盛大的聚会。这是我见过的她最快乐的时刻之一，”她的儿子Anjumon说，他的声音里充满了自豪。)”可知，他们很高兴Ranjita Gogoi能继续她的爱好，对于她的获胜，他们和亲戚朋友一起为她举办了派对，所以可知他们是开心和骄傲的。故选B。

【27题详解】

主旨大意题。根据第一段“Ranjita Gogoi was born in a small village Assam in 1962. (1962年，Ranjita Gogoi出生在阿萨姆邦的一个小村庄。)”、第二段“What changed this mother of two into a champion was the opening of a swimming pool in 2011. (让这位两个孩子的母亲成为冠军的是2011年开放的一个游泳池。)”及全文可知，文章故事围绕主人公Ranjita Gogoi展开，讲述了Ranjita Gogoi多年后重新开始参加各种体育比赛并获得冠军的故事。所以对比选项，C项“The Story of a Champion Mother(一个冠军母亲的故事)”更适合作为文章最佳标题。故选C。

**C**

More American states are pushing for cellphone restrictions (限制) in high schools. The move comes mainly because teachers say it is a major problem in the classroom.

In a recent public study, the Pew Research Center reported that 72 percent of U.S. high school teachers say cellphone distraction (分心) is a major problem in the classroom. Teachers report less of a problem with younger students. About 33 percent of middle school teachers and 6 percent of elementary school teachers see cellphone use as a problem. Many educators in the U.S. said students used social media, listened to music, and shopped online during the school day. So, there is a need to take some measures.

In July, Virginia became the latest state to restrict cellphone use in public schools. The state’ s governor, Glenn Youngkin, issued (公布) an order for local schools. Youngkin’s order said, “Studies show that students who use their phones during class learn less and achieve lower grades. They also show an alarming mental health possibility among young people. The possibility is driven by the use of cellphones and social media. So the restriction has to be **implemented**.”

Last year, Florida became the first state to restrict the use of cellphones in schools. A law that took effect in July requires all Florida public schools to ban student cellphone use during class time. The states of Indiana and Ohio passed their own laws this year. Several others, including Oklahoma, Vermont, and Kansas, have also recently introduced what is called “phone-free schools” law. New York Governor Kathy Hochul said she will push for law to ban cellphone use in 2025.

Some students say such restriction will take away their independence and cut off their main method of communication with family and friends. Some parents fear the children can’t get in touch with them if they meet challenges and trouble, so they argue against the rules.

28. What is the second paragraph mainly about?

A. The process of a study on cellphones. B. The result of the cellphone restriction.

C. The reasons for the cellphone restriction. D. The importance of a study on cellphones.

29. What does the underlined word “implemented” in paragraph 3 mean?

A. Applied. B. Exchanged. C. Improved. D. Debated.

30. Which state first restricted the cellphone use in class in the text?

A. Ohio. B. Florida. C. Indiana. D. New York State.

31. Why are some parents against the cellphone restriction in the text?

A. The restriction is hard to understand.

B. Their kids’ mental health is neglected.

C. Their kids’ independence is influenced.

D. The restriction adds difficulty to communication.

【答案】28. C 29. A 30. B 31. D

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了美国很多州发布了限制中学生在学校使用手机的规定。

【28题详解】

主旨大意题。根据第二段中“In a recent public study, the Pew Research Center reported that 72 percent of U.S. high school teachers say cellphone distraction (分心) is a major problem in the classroom. Teachers report less of a problem with younger students. About 33 percent of middle school teachers and 6 percent of elementary school teachers see cellphone use as a problem. Many educators in the U.S. said students used social media, listened to music, and shopped online during the school day. (在最近的一项公开研究中，皮尤研究中心报告称，72%的美国高中教师表示，手机分心是课堂上的一个主要问题。老师们对低年级学生的问题反映较少。大约33%的中学教师和6%的小学教师认为使用手机是一个问题。美国的许多教育工作者表示，学生们在上学期间使用社交媒体、听音乐和网上购物)”可知，本段主要介绍了研究发现各个学段的老师们都反映了学生在学校使用手机然后分心的问题，这些都是限制使用手机的原因。故选C项。

【29题详解】

词句猜测题。根据画线词的上文“Studies show that students who use their phones during class learn less and achieve lower grades. They also show an alarming mental health possibility among young people. The possibility is driven by the use of cellphones and social media. (研究表明，在课堂上使用手机的学生学得更少，成绩也更差。它们还显示出年轻人在心理健康方面存在令人担忧的可能性。这种可能性是由手机和社交媒体的使用推动的)”可知，在课堂上使用手机对学生的学业表现和心理健康有负面影响。由此可知，限制手机使用的规定不得不实施，画线词意思应该是“实施，执行”，与Applied意思相近。故选A项。

【30题详解】

细节理解题。根据第四段中“Last year, Florida became the first state to restrict the use of cellphones in schools. (去年，佛罗里达州成为第一个限制在学校使用手机的州)”可知，第一个限制在课堂上使用手机的州是佛罗里达州。故选B项。

【31题详解】

细节理解题。根据最后一段中“Some parents fear the children can’t get in touch with them if they meet challenges and trouble, so they argue against the rules. (一些父母担心孩子们遇到挑战和麻烦时不能和他们联系，所以他们反对这些规定)”可知，一些父母持反对观点是因为他们认为该限制增加了沟通的困难。故选D项。

**D**

Scientists from Fudan University have reached a breakthrough in creating a device (装置) that could enable people lying on the bed to walk again. Using the new device, people who are disabled could gain control of the muscles in their legs and walk again.

The spinal cord (脊髓) functions as a high-speed system connecting the brain and the surrounding nerve system. If the spinal cord is damaged, the instructions from the brain telling muscles to move can’t be transported. And patients will possibly lose the ability to move. Nerve injury is impossible to change for the better. There are 3.74 million patients with spinal cord injuries in China, and there are about 90,000 new patients in the country each year. So the new device will mean a lot if it is used in hospitals.

Last year, a research team from the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology in Lausanne carried out brain-spinal connection research on disabled patients. By collecting and figuring out brain signals and connecting the brain and spinal cord nerve pathways, the team was able to help the patients with spinal cord injuries gain control of their muscles again. However, challenges were in front of researchers, including understanding the exact activity in the brain and encouraging clinical (临床的) application.

In response to these problems Fudan researchers invented a new generation of device. Compared with the Swiss team’s research, which required patients to have three devices in their brain, Fudan research team combined the three devices into a single one. Besides, the new device allows the brain- spinal connection to be exact and fast. Moreover, the new device makes adjustments according to a patient’s movements of their legs. As a result, patients will walk normally like healthy people.

Such a device means that in the future, the patients with spinal cord injuries will walk more naturally and smoothly. Jia Fumin, the lead researcher, said that clinical trials are expected to begin at a hospital later this year.

32. What’s the result of the damaged spinal cord?

A. The brain stops giving instructions. B. Patients end up losing their balance.

C. The movement signals fail to be received. D. Muscles connect with the brains directly.

33. What is one of the difficulties for the Swiss team?

A. Helping patients control muscles. B. Lacking fund to support the research.

C. Collecting and processing brain signals. D. Understanding the exact brain activity.

34. What can we learn about the new device?

A. It is made up of three parts. B. It has been used in hospitals.

C. It speeds patients’ movement. D. It makes patients’ natural walking possible.

35. What’s Jia Fumin’s attitude to the new device?

A. Positive. B. Curious. C. Uncertain. D. Worried.

【答案】32. C 33. D 34. D 35. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍复旦大学的科学家发明的一个新设备。这种设备有望让那些因为脊髓损伤而卧床的病人重新站立和行走。

【32题详解】

细节理解题。根据第二段“If the spinal cord is damaged, the instructions from the brain telling muscles to move can’t be transported. (如果脊髓受损，大脑告诉肌肉运动的指令就无法传递。)”可知，脊髓损伤的结果是身体（肌肉）移动的信号不能被接收。故选C。

【33题详解】

细节理解题。根据第三段“However, challenges were in front of researchers, including understanding the exact activity in the brain and encouraging clinical (临床的) application. (然而，研究人员面临的挑战包括了解大脑的确切活动和鼓励临床应用。)”可知，瑞士的研究人员面临的困难之一是需要了解大脑的具体活动。故选D。

【34题详解】

细节理解题。根据第四段“As a result, patients will walk normally like healthy people. (因此，患者将像健康人一样正常行走。)”可知，使用这种新设备的病人将像健康的人那样正常走路。故选D。

【35题详解】

推理判断题。根据最后一段“Such a device means that in the future, the patients with spinal cord injuries will walk more naturally and smoothly. Jia Fumin, the lead researcher, said that clinical trials are expected to begin at a hospital later this year. (这样的装置意味着在未来，脊髓损伤的患者将会更加自然和平稳地行走。首席研究员加福民表示，临床试验预计将于今年晚些时候在一家医院开始。)”可知，在未来，患有脊髓损伤的病人将行走得更自然和顺畅，该设备有望在医院里开始临床试验，所以可以推测 Jia Fumin对这种设备的态度是积极的。故选A。

**第二节（共5小题；每小题2.5分，满分12.5分）**

**阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。**

There are many ways to be a better person. Apart from praising yourself for doing small acts of kindness, there’s something you can do to better yourself.

**Positive goals can help you grow.** Everyone needs something to live for, so think about what you want in life. Struggling (奋斗) for something can make you a happier and better person. \_\_\_36\_\_\_

**Forgive yourself and others.** To become a better person, it’s important to let go of any bad feelings. The past is in the past; it’s time to move forward. Allow yourself to forgive your past mistakes and recognize what they’ve taught you. Then, forgive those who have hurt you and forget what they’ve done. \_\_\_37\_\_\_ So forgiveness can help you grow better.

**Helping others doesn’t only benefit them**. Research shows that being selfless improves mood and happiness. You can volunteer at a local shelter, donate used clothes, or pick up trash at the park. \_\_\_38\_\_\_ The smallest act of kindness can make the biggest difference.

**Expose yourself to new experiences**. \_\_\_39\_\_\_ Every once and a while, change up your daily schedule, try something new, and step outside your comfort zone. Try new things that make you a little uncomfortable but can open your eyes.

\_\_\_40\_\_\_ Knowledge can go a long way, especially when it comes to understanding other people’s situations. Whether you’ re in school or not, self-educating can help you grow. The more you know, the more thoughts you’ll gain.

A. Educate yourself.

B. Help doesn’t have to be big.

C. Give back to your community.

D. It can also help you find your purpose of life.

E. Forgiving yourself and others can give you peace of mind.

F. Comfort zones are great, but they can leave you unchanged.

G. Answering these questions can help you discover your weaknesses.

【答案】36. D 37. E 38. B 39. F 40. A

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章围绕如何成为更好的人这一主题，给出了多个具体的建议和方法。

【36题详解】

根据空前内容“Everyone needs something to live for, so think about what you want in life. Struggling (奋斗) for something can make you a happier and better person. (每个人都需要为生活奋斗的目标，所以想想你在生活中想要什么。为某事奋斗可以让你成为一个更快乐、更好的人。)”可知，上文提出为某事而奋斗可以让我们成为更好的人。选项D“It can also help you find your purpose of life. (这也能帮助你发现生活的目标。)”自然延续上文内容，指出为某事奋斗可以让我们成为更好的人，也能帮助我们发现生活的目标。故选D。

【37题详解】

根据上文内容“Allow yourself to forgive your past mistakes and recognize what they’ve taught you. Then, forgive those who have hurt you and forget what they’ve done. (允许自己原谅过去的错误，并认识到它们给你带来的教训。然后，原谅那些伤害过你的人，忘记他们所做的事。)”可知，上文建议我们原谅自己过去的错误和那些伤害过我们的人。选项E“Forgiving yourself and others can give you peace of mind.(原谅自己和他人可以给你带来内心的平静。)”延续上文内容，指出原谅自己和他人的好处，即可以带来内心的平静。故选E，

【38题详解】

根据空前内容“You can volunteer at a local shelter, donate used clothes, or pick up trash at the park. (你可以在当地的收容所做志愿者，捐赠旧衣服，或者在公园里捡垃圾。)”可知，空前建议我们可以做些好事，帮助他人。选项B“Help doesn’t have to be big. (帮助不一定非得是大事。)”延续上文内容，指出帮助他人也不一定要做什么大事。自然引出下文“The smallest act of kindness can make the biggest difference. (即使是最小的善举也能产生最大的影响。)”。指出帮助他人不需要什么大事，即使最小的善举也有意义。故选B。

【39题详解】

根据下文“Every once and a while, change up your daily schedule, try something new, and step outside your comfort zone. (时不时地改变你的日常安排，尝试新事物，走出舒适区。)”可知，下文建议我们要走出舒适区。选项F“Comfort zones are great, but they can leave you unchanged. (舒适区很好，但它可能会让你保持不变。)”与下文内容相符，指出舒适区很好，但是会让我们保持不变，所以我们应该尝试新事物，走出舒适区。故选F。

【40题详解】

空处为段首句，为本段主要内容。根据下文“Knowledge can go a long way, especially when it comes to understanding other people’s situations. Whether you’ re in school or not, self-educating can help you grow. The more you know, the more thoughts you’ll gain. (知识能发挥很大的作用，尤其是在理解他人的处境时。无论你是否在上学，自我教育都可以帮助你成长。你知道的越多，你的想法就会越多。)”可知，本段主要建议我们要保持自我教育。选项A“Educate yourself. (自我教育。)”是本段内容的概括，与本段内容相符。故选A。

**第三部分 语言运用（共两节，满分30分）**

**第一节（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

**阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。**

My first foreign camp with more than 20 people took place in Singapore. The long ride was a \_\_\_41\_\_\_ for me, but I did not get tired. Couple of thunder storms were expected but \_\_\_42\_\_\_ what we got was gentle wind and bright sunshine. The driver played some beautiful songs and some members couldn’t \_\_\_43\_\_\_ dancing to the music on the bus.

After reaching the \_\_\_44\_\_\_, some members rode horses wildly. Children rushed to the pool and swam like free fishes. A birthday party for a visitor was \_\_\_45\_\_\_, which excited and amazed all of us. Everything \_\_\_46\_\_\_ sweetly. What comfortable and delightful \_\_\_47\_\_\_!

The night came. Visitors lay under the sky and just enjoyed the \_\_\_48\_\_\_ of the night. The guide came up to me. To my joy, he was good at English. We \_\_\_49\_\_\_. During the talk, he shared with me some \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ stories of his card project. He took part three years ago and he sent various cards to the people from many countries of the world. I thought it new and meaningful, so I \_\_\_\_51\_\_\_\_ him to send a card to me. He agreed and \_\_\_\_52\_\_\_\_ to send me one. Without delay, I told him my address.

After returning to my hometown, I nearly forgot his promise. One day a \_\_\_\_53\_\_\_\_ arrived. I opened it and found a card was there. The camp the guide \_\_\_\_54\_\_\_\_ was brought back to my mind. I smiled not only for the experience but also for the \_\_\_\_55\_\_\_\_ happiness from the card.

41. A. reward B. task C. pleasure D. challenge

42. A. actually B. gradually C. partly D. suddenly

43. A. imagine B. consider C. continue D. help

44. A. forest B. flat C. destination D. beach

45. A. closed B. held C. praised D. returned

46. A. dried up B. worked out C. ran out D. grew up

47. A. sights B. smells C. ideas D. futures

48. A. performance B. food C. loneliness D. peace

49. A. chatted B. stopped C. counted D. listened

50. A. strange B. scary C. confusing D. warm

51. A. invited B. ordered C. requested D. allowed

52. A. happened B. promised C. waited D. preferred

53. A. text B. list C. package D. card

54. A. arranged B. remembered C. recommended D. admired

55. A. secret B. same C. simple D. necessary

【答案】41. D 42. A 43. D 44. C 45. B 46. B 47. A 48. D 49. A 50. D 51. C 52. B 53. C 54. A 55. C

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者在新加坡参加的一次外国露营活动的经历，包括旅途中的风景、到达目的地后的活动、与导游的交流以及收到导游寄来的卡片等细节。

【41题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：长途旅行对我来说是个挑战，但我并没有感到疲倦。A. reward奖励；B. task任务；C. pleasure乐趣；D. challenge挑战。根据下文“but I did not get tired”中的“but”以及常理可知，长途旅行是辛苦的，对作者而言是个挑战。故选D。

【42题详解】

考查副词词义辨析。句意：原本预计会遇到几场雷暴，但实际上我们遇到的是轻柔的风和明媚的阳光。A. actually实际上；B. gradually逐渐地；C. partly部分地；D. suddenly突然。根据空前“Couple of thunder storms were expected”可知，本以为会遇到雷暴；再根据下文“what we got was gentle wind and bright sunshine.”可推测，实际上，作者他们遇到的是好天气。故选A。

【43题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：司机播放了一些优美的歌曲，车上有些成员忍不住随着音乐翩翩起舞。A. imagine想象；B. consider考虑、认为；C. continue继续；D. help帮助。根据上文“The driver played some beautiful songs”以及句意可知，空处考查短语：couldn’t help doing sth.，意为“情不自禁做某事”，符合句意。故选D。

【44题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：到达目的地后，一些成员尽情地骑马。A. forest森林；B. flat公寓；C. destination目的地；D. beach海滩。根据上文“The driver played some beautiful songs and some members couldn’t \_\_\_3\_\_\_ dancing to the music on the bus.”可知，作者他们一开始是在坐车，由此可推测，作者他们坐着车来到了目的地。故选C。

【45题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：为一位访客举办的生日派对让我们所有人都兴奋不已，惊叹连连。A. closed关闭；B. held举行；C. praised表扬；D. returned返回。根据主语“A birthday party for a visitor”可推测，空处指的是举办生日派对。故选B。

【46题详解】

考查动词短语词义辨析。句意：一切都进行得非常顺利。A. dried up干涸；B. worked out解决、进展；C. ran out耗尽；D. grew up成长。根据下文“What comfortable and delightful \_\_\_7\_\_\_ !”可知，一切都进展顺利。故选B。

【47题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：真是舒适而愉快的景象！A. sights风景、景象；B. smells气味；C. ideas想法；D. futures未来。根据上文描述“After reaching the \_\_\_4\_\_\_ , some members rode horses wildly. Children rushed to the pool and swam like free fishes. A birthday party for a visitor was \_\_\_5\_\_\_ , which excited and amazed all of us.”可知，上文描述了愉快的景象。故选A。

【48题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：游客们躺在星空下，尽情享受夜晚的宁静。A. performance表演、表现；B. food食物；C. loneliness孤独；D. peace和平。根据空前“Visitors lay under the sky and just enjoyed the”及空后“of the night”以及常理可知，人们躺在夜空下，夜晚是宁静的。故选D。

【49题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我们聊了起来。A. chatted聊天；B. stopped停止；C. counted数数、重要；D. listened听。根据下文“During the talk, he shared with me some \_\_\_10\_\_\_ stories of his card project.”中的“during the talk”可知，两人开始聊天。故选A。

【50题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：在谈话中，他与我分享了他参与卡片项目的一些温馨故事。A. strange奇怪的；B. scary吓人的；C. confusing令人困惑的；D. warm温暖的。根据下文“He took part three years ago and he sent various cards to the people from many countries of the world.”的描述可知，这是一个暖心的故事。故选D。

【51题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我觉得这既新颖又有意义，所以我请求他也给我寄一张卡片。A. invited邀请；B. ordered命令、订购；C. requested请求；D. allowed允许。根据上文“He took part three years ago and he sent various cards to the people from many countries of the world.”可知，这位导游向来自世界各国的人们寄送了各种各样的卡片。由此可知，作者请求他也给自己寄一张卡片。故选C。

52题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：他答应了，并承诺会寄给我一张。A. happened发生；B. promised承诺；C. waited等待；D. preferred更喜欢。根据上文“He agreed”以及下文“After returning to my hometown, I nearly forgot his promise.”可知，导游承诺会给作者寄一张卡片。故选B。

【53题详解】

考查名词词义辨析。句意：有一天，一个包裹寄到了。A. text文本、短信；B. list列表；C. package包裹；D. card卡片。根据下文“I opened it and found a card was there.”可知，作者收到了来自导游的包裹，包裹里是一张卡片。故选C。

【54题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：导游安排的露营活动再次浮现在我的脑海中。A. arranged安排；B. remembered记得；C. recommended推荐；D. admired钦佩。根据句意可知，作者想起了曾经的露营活动。根据常理可知，这样的活动是带队的导游安排的。故选A。

【55题详解】

考查形容词词义辨析。句意：我不仅为那次经历而微笑，也为这张卡片带来的简单快乐而微笑。A. secret秘密的；B. same相同的；C. simple简单的；D. necessary必要的。根据上文可知，作者请求导游给自己寄一张卡片，而导游也兑现了自己的承诺。卡片很小，带来的简单的快乐却让作者不由微笑。故选C。

**第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）**

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

China has set an example to other countries on how to balance economic development with ecology (生态) in an exhibition (展览). And the International Exhibition \_\_\_56\_\_\_ (hold) in Chengdu from April to October in 2024.

The exhibition covered \_\_\_57\_\_\_ large area. It opened in April and ran until Oct. 28, showing 113 exhibitions and gardens from across the globe. There were seven major exhibition areas \_\_\_58\_\_\_ showed the best in gardening from countries such as France, Italy, the United Kingdom and cities around China. Tim Briercliffe, AIPH secretary general, said that he liked the \_\_\_59\_\_\_ (tradition) culture shown in gardens from different cities in China such as Yangzhou, but he’s more interested in how green ideas can connect with people’s daily lives, \_\_\_60\_\_\_ (especial) in big cities.

A small rooftop with plants and flowers left a strong \_\_\_61\_\_\_ (impress). When people from other cities visited it, they saw green ideas used on a city level. Green walls request technology. \_\_\_62\_\_\_ (get) water to plants and looking after them on a high wall are not easy.

Now it is recognized that China has a right way to design the future. And China is designing her future \_\_\_63\_\_\_ a proper way because she is becoming a greener country for people to live. The strategies of ecological development in China’s cities aren’t used in other countries. Some \_\_\_64\_\_\_ (expert) hoped this exhibition was an opportunity for other cities around the world \_\_\_\_65\_\_\_\_ (see) that they can do the same.

【答案】56 was held

57. a 58. which##that

59. traditional

60. especially

61. impression

62. Getting

63. in 64. experts

65. to see

【解析】

【导语】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了在成都举办的一次国际展览，该展览展示了中国如何平衡经济和生态发展，为世界其他地方树立了榜样。

【56题详解】

考查时态和语态。句意：国际博览会于2024年4月至10月在成都举行。根据时间状语from April to October in 2024可知，此处用一般过去时，而且主语the International Exhibition与hold之间是被动关系，所以此处用一般过去时的被动语态。故填was held。

【57题详解】

考查冠词。句意：展览会占地面积很大。此处表示“一块大的区域”，表泛指，用不定冠词a。故填a。

【58题详解】

考查定语从句。句意：展会设有七大展区，展示了来自法国、意大利、英国等国家和中国各地城市的最佳园艺技术。此处为定语从句，先行词是areas，在定语从句中做主语，所以此处用关系代词which或者that。故填which/ that。

【59题详解】

考查形容词。句意：AIPH秘书长Tim Briercliffe表示，他喜欢中国不同城市（如扬州）的园林所展示的传统文化，但他更感兴趣的是绿色理念如何与人们的日常生活联系起来，尤其是在大城市。此处修饰名词culture，所以用形容词形式。故填traditional。

60题详解】

考查副词。句意：AIPH秘书长Tim Briercliffe表示，他喜欢中国不同城市（如扬州）的园林所展示的传统文化，但他更感兴趣的是绿色理念如何与人们的日常生活联系起来，尤其是在大城市。此处提示词修饰介词短语in big cities，所以用副词形式。故填especially。

【61题详解】

考查名词。句意：点缀着花草的小屋顶给人留下了深刻的印象。根据空前strong可知，此处用名词形式。根据冠词a可知，用可数名词的单数形式。故填impression。

【62题详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：给植物浇水并在高墙上照看它们并不容易。分析句子结构可知，句中缺少主语，所以用动名词作主语。首字母需大写。故填Getting。

【63题详解】

考查介词。句意：中国正在以一种恰当的方式设计她的未来，因为她正在成为一个更环保的国家。此处考查固定短语in a... way，表示“以一种……的方式”。 故填in。

【64题详解】

考查名词复数。句意：一些专家希望这次展览是一个机会，让世界各地的其他城市看到他们也可以这样做。根据空前形容词Some可知，此处用名词的复数形式。故填experts。

【65题详解】

考查非谓语动词。句意：一些专家希望这次展览是一个机会，让世界各地的其他城市看到他们也可以这样做。根据空前an opportunity可知，此处用动词不定式形式做定语。故填to see。

**第四部分 写作（共两节，满分40分）**

**第一节（满分15分）**

66. 假定你是李华，为了强身健体，你打算本周末去徒步旅行，现在请你用英语写封信邀请喜欢户外运动的留学生Mike一同前往。内容如下：

1.发出邀请；

2.注意事项；

3.期待回复。

注意：

1.写作词数应为80个左右；

2.请按如下格式在答题纸的相应位置作答。

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【答案】Dear Mike,

Given your passion for getting close to nature, I’m thrilled to invite you to go hiking with me this weekend. The destination of this hiking is the natural park with a breathtaking sight.

To ensure a safe and comfortable hiking, we’ d better wear a pair of cosy sports shoes and bring a bottle of water. Considering the hot sun, applying sunscreen before setting out is a useful way to protect our skin. What’ s the last tip is remembering to bring your phone in case of an emergency.

If you are interested in the hiking, reply me as soon as possible.

yours,

Li Hua

【解析】

【导语】本篇书面表达属于应用文写作中的邀请信。要求考生英语写封信邀请喜欢户外运动的留学生Mike一起周末去徒步旅行。

【详解】1.词汇积累

兴奋的：thrilled→ excited

确保：ensure→ make sure

考虑到：considering→ in consideration of

对……感兴趣：be interested in→ show interest in

2.句式拓展

简单句变复合句

原句：Considering the hot sun, applying sunscreen before setting out is a useful way to protect our skin.

拓展句：Considering the hot sun, applying sunscreen before you set out is a useful way to protect our skin.

【点睛】【高分句型1】What’s the last tip is remembering to bring your phone in case of an emergency.（运用了what引导的主语从句）

【高分句型2】If you are interested in the hiking, reply me as soon as possible.（运用了if引导的状语从句）

**第二节（满分25分）**

67. 阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Tommy, seven and a big boy, had never felt so scared in his life, hugging his mother’s legs firmly. “Please, Mom,” he cried. “Please pick me up!” His mom looked scared too. “Honey, you have to be brave,” she said. But Tommy didn’t feel brave, not at all.

They couldn’t get out of the door. They could see smoke flowing in beneath the door. They could hear people screaming and running, and in the distance, he heard the fire engine sirens (鸣笛声). The fire engines arrived, and immediately, the firemen jumped into action. A man climbed up into their house and stretched out his arms to Tommy.

“Come on, buddy!” he said. “Let’s go!” But Tommy started backing away, shaking his head. “Listen,” the fireman said. “If you come with me, I’ll make you a deputy (副警长), and you can ride in the fire truck. How about that?” “With a badge?” asked Tommy. The fireman nodded, and Tommy stepped forward. Before he knew it, he was in the ambulance, next to his mom.

The doctors said they needed to be in the hospital for a few days. Tommy was very bored. He didn’t have his iPad, so a nurse gave him paper and some crayons. He started drawing a picture, and it was a great picture!

When the nurse came back, she was astonished. “WOW,” she shouted. “You’re quite an artist! Are those the firemen who rescued you?” “Yes,” said Tommy proudly. “They said I’d be a deputy, and ride in the fire truck... But I think they will forget. Grown-ups forget stuff a lot! So I drew these pictures for them so they won’t forget. I’ll ask Mom to send them.”

“I’m sure they will remember,” the nurse said. “But how about letting me send them your pictures? Your mom is still pretty tired.” Even though the nurse sent the pictures, the firemen didn’t show up, and Tommy was sure they’d forgotten all about their promise.

注意：

1.续写词数应为150个左右；

2.请按如下格式在答题纸的相应位置作答。

One day several weeks later, Tommy heard someone knock on the door.

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After a while, Tommy found that he was in a fire station.

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【答案】One day several weeks later, Tommy heard someone knock on the door. His mom opened the door, and a fireman walked in. “Is Tommy home?”The fireman said that he heard today was Tommy’s birthday and he came here to give Tommy a special birthday gift. Hearing what the fireman said, Tommy cried excitedly. The fireman greeted Tommy with a smile and said he wanted to take Tommy for a drive. Reading his confusion, the fireman smiled again and told Tommy he would understand what would happen next.

After a while, Tommy found that he was in a fire station. He was surrounded by firemen! “Tommy,” one of them said. “I’m captain Jack , and I am here to make you a deputy!” Tommy was glad! He couldn’t stop smiling, and he was even happier when he went for a ride in the big fire truck! It was the happiest day in Tommy’s life. Many years later , he returned to the fire station - this time as a fireman -and he saw his pictures still hanging on the wall. He’d made it! He’d become a hero!

【解析】

【导语】本文以人物为线索展开，讲述了一个小男孩Tommy在火灾中的经历，以及他和消防员之间的故事。

【详解】1.段落续写：

①由第一段首句内容“几周后的一天，Tommy听到有人敲门。”以及第二段首句内容“过了一会儿，Tommy发现自己来到了消防站。”可知，第一段可描写消防员给Tommy带来一个惊喜。

②由第二段首句内容“过了一会儿，Tommy发现自己来到了消防站。”可知，第二段可描写Tommy很感激消防员实践了自己的诺言。

2.续写线索：几周后，就在Tommy以为消防员已经忘了自己的承诺的时候，突然有人敲门——打开门后，一位消防员告知Tommy自己是带Tommy出去兜风——一会儿之后，Tommy发现自己来到了消防站——原来，消防员并没有忘记自己的承诺——他们特意过来实现Tommy的愿望，让他当副警长——多年后，Tommy仍然记得这一美好的一天

3.词汇激活

行为类

①想要：want/would like to

②给：give/offer

③理解：understand/grasp/figure out

情绪类

①兴奋地：excitedly/with excitement

②高兴的：glad/happy

【点睛】【高分句型1】The fireman said that he heard today was Tommy’s birthday and he came here to give Tommy a special birthday gift.（运用了that引导的宾语从句）

【高分句型2】Hearing what the fireman said, Tommy cried excitedly.（运用了what引导的宾语从句）