

2025 年广东省初中学业水平考试

英 语

本试卷共 12 页，81 小题，满分 120 分。考试用时 90 分钟。

- 注意事项：1. 答题前，考生务必用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔将自己的准考证号、姓名、考场号和座位号填写在答题卡上。用2B铅笔在“考场号”和“座位号”栏相应位置填涂自己的考场号和座位号。将条形码粘贴在答题卡“条形码粘贴处”。
2. 作答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目选项的答案信息点涂黑；如需改动，用塑料橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案，答案不能写在试卷上。
3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的签字笔或钢笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应位置上；如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案；不准使用铅笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。
4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁。考试结束后，将试卷和答题卡一并交回。

一、听说应用（本大题共 30 小题，每小题 1 分，共 30 分；A、B、C、D 部分为听力理解，E 部分为情景对话）

A. 听句子（本题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

请根据所听内容，选择符合题意的图画回答问题，并在答题卡上将对应选项涂黑。每个句子听两遍。

1. When was the school sports day?



A



B



C

2. Which sport did Li Lei take part in?



A



B



C

3. Who cheered him on at the competition?



A



B



C

4. What prize did Li Lei get?



A



B



C

5. Where did Li Lei go the next day?



A



B



C

B. 听对话 (本题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请根据每段对话的内容回答问题, 从每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 并在答题卡上将对应选项涂黑。每段对话听两遍。

听第一段对话, 回答第 6 小题。

6. How does Jenny feel?

A. Happy.

B. Tired.

C. Angry.

听第二段对话, 回答第 7 小题。

7. Which car does the woman prefer?

A. The red one.

B. The blue one.

C. The black one.

听第三段对话, 回答第 8 小题。

8. How often does John go fishing?

A. Once a week.

B. Twice a week.

C. Every day.

听第四段对话，回答第 9 小题。

9. Why do they have to stop working?

- A. For safety. B. For a break. C. For some training.

听第五段对话，回答第 10 小题。

10. What was the news about?

- A. Action movies. B. A live interview. C. Space exploration.

听第六段对话，回答第 11~12 小题。

11. How is Danny arriving there?

- A. By bus. B. By taxi. C. By underground.

12. What are they going to do?

- A. To have a meal. B. To buy a table. C. To see a dentist.

听第七段对话，回答第 13~15 小题。

13. Who are they talking about?

- A. A poet. B. A thinker. C. A novelist.

14. What is the name of the book?

- A. *The Little Prince*. B. *Leaves of Grass*. C. *The Art of War*.

15. How will Kate get a copy of the book?

- A. She will buy one.
B. She will borrow one.
C. She will download one.

C. 听短文（本题共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

请根据所听内容，从每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最佳答案，并在答题卡上将对应选项涂黑。短文听两遍。

16. How was the weather last Sunday?

- A. Sunny. B. Windy. C. Cloudy.

17. Where did Dad put the balloons?

- A. On the wall. B. On the grass. C. On the trees.

18. What did Grandpa use to be?

- A. A baseball manager. B. A football player. C. A basketball coach.

19. Who got out of the car?

- A. Grandpa's fans. B. Grandpa's friends. C. Grandpa's relatives.

20. What is the passage mainly about?

- A. A party. B. A match. C. A show.

D. 听填信息 (本题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

你将听到关于学校音乐会筹备工作的会议内容。请根据所听内容填写下面的信息卡, 并将答案写在答题卡对应题目的答题位置上。短文听两遍。

Meeting About the School Concert

Subject: preparations for next Thursday's concert "Sound of 21"

Tasks:

- ◆ Group 1: to take care of the 22
- ◆ Group 2: to make the music hall clean and 23
- ◆ Group 3: to 24 the musical instruments
- ◆ Group 4: to receive the 25 honored guests on the list



E. 情景对话 (本题共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

请通读下面对话, 根据对话内容, 从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将对应选项涂黑。选项中有一项为多余选项。

- A. Oh, I see.
- B. I didn't quite enjoy it.
- C. What does that mean?
- D. Were you using the phone?
- E. Let's do something different next time.
- F. I miss the days without mobile phones.



Ann: Hello, Ted. How did you feel about the dinner last night?

Ted: 26 The food was good, but there wasn't much communication among us.

Ann: Yeah. Everyone fixed their eyes on the screen. 27

Ted: Me too. People were closer back then.

Ann: Exactly. 28

Ted: Well, how about organizing a camp?

Ann: Good idea. Maybe we can make it into a "NINP" camp.

Ted: NINP? 29

Ann: No Internet No Phones.

Ted: 30 So the camp must be cut off from the outside world.

Ann: Right. Then we can have a great time chatting and playing outdoor games.

二、语法选择 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请通读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 根据语法和上下文连贯的要求, 从每小题所给的三个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 并在答题卡上将对应选项涂黑。

Lily works as a main cook in a famous restaurant. It was her mom who guided her into the world of cooking.

When she was a little girl, Lily spent a lot of time with Mom in the kitchen. She remembered that she would always sit there 31 watch Mom cooking. She was curious about 32 Mom was busy with. When she was older, she 33 to do easy tasks like beating eggs. Later on, while Mom was making dumplings, Lily would help cut vegetables 34 a small knife. She also learned how to make dumplings of 35 shapes. To a girl of her age, cooking was real magic.

As Lily grew up, she learned more about food and tried cooking 36 dishes than before. After finishing college, she decided 37 in a restaurant. With wild imagination, she came up with many new ideas and started to create 38 own dishes. So far, she 39 many dishes with special tastes. All these dishes are popular with customers.

Today, the kitchen is still a place for Lily and Mom to have 40 fun together. Every time before a family dinner party, they will cooperate to plan a menu. Cooking has kept their mother-daughter relationship strong.

- | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| 31. A. or | B. and | C. but |
| 32. A. what | B. that | C. whether |
| 33. A. is allowed | B. was allowed | C. was allowing |
| 34. A. by | B. for | C. with |
| 35. A. different | B. difference | C. differently |
| 36. A. difficult | B. more difficult | C. the most difficult |
| 37. A. work | B. working | C. to work |
| 38. A. her | B. hers | C. herself |
| 39. A. invents | B. will invent | C. has invented |
| 40. A. / | B. a | C. the |

三、完形填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

请通读下面短文，掌握其大意，从每小题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案，并在答题卡上将对应选项涂黑。

In a narrow hutong in Beijing lies a small library. It is only seven square meters in size, but thousands of books are 41 in it. Unlike traditional libraries, this one doesn't require its readers to 42 the books. Instead, it encourages them to pass those books on to someone else when they've finished reading.

This library was 43 by Mr. Xu, a businessman, in 2010. The idea took shape when Xu recommended books online to students, but found it 44 for them to get the books from their school libraries. So, Xu bought and 45 nearly 1,000 books in the following year. The students who received the books were very thankful. Their thank-you letters got Xu to turn his book-gifting effort into a physical space.

Xu's library might be the smallest in the world, but in another sense, it's also the biggest because its books keep 46. Once, a reader took home an English book on Chinese history. A week later, he passed it on to a neighbor. 47, the book traveled all the way abroad and ended up in Germany. "The 48 of the book is a wonder. Many wonders like this keep the culture of reading alive," Xu tells the newspaper.

Xu says he will continue this work although the library is now faced with the 49 of e-books. "This is the most 50 thing I've done in my life," he says. "I hope that the library can stay open forever."

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 41. A. kept | B. written | C. printed | D. published |
| 42. A. return | B. copy | C. lend | D. buy |
| 43. A. locked | B. started | C. hidden | D. guarded |
| 44. A. hard | B. harmful | C. possible | D. interesting |
| 45. A. dug up | B. picked up | C. gave away | D. threw away |
| 46. A. burning | B. moving | C. falling | D. shaking |
| 47. A. Clearly | B. Hopefully | C. Generally | D. Amazingly |
| 48. A. history | B. language | C. journey | D. background |
| 49. A. death | B. truth | C. mistake | D. challenge |
| 50. A. silly | B. scary | C. common | D. meaningful |

四、阅读理解（本大题共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，共 30 分）

请阅读 A、B 两篇短文，从每小题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案，并在答题卡上将对应选项涂黑。

A



Are mosquitoes driving you crazy?

This summer, make some mint oil to drive them away!

Mosquitoes are awful. They seem to be everywhere and may bite you badly. This makes mint (薄荷) oil a perfect gift for your family and friends in summer. This weekend, you can try making mint oil FOR FREE.

Time: 9:00 a.m. — 11:50 a.m. Saturday (July 5)

Place: Riverside Community Center

Please note:

- ♥ We'll get all the tools and materials ready.
- ♥ For 40 people only. First come, first served.
- ♥ To book a place for the activity, please call Lucy at 345878 by 7:00 p.m. Friday.



For those who would like to practice it at home, here are the steps:

- ♣ Cut up the mint. Put it into a bottle with olive (橄榄) oil.
- ♣ Cover the bottle and place it in hot water.
- ♣ When the water cools down, move the bottle to a warm area and leave it there for at least two hours.
- ♣ Pour the mixture onto a thin piece of cotton cloth on top of a dark bottle. Let the oil go through the cloth into the bottle. Now you get your homemade mint oil.

51. When will this community event take place?

- A. This Friday afternoon.
- B. Next Friday afternoon.
- C. This Saturday morning.
- D. Next Saturday morning.

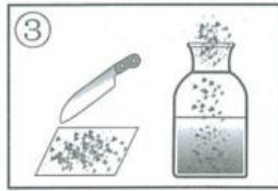
52. How many people can take part in the activity?

- A. At least forty.
- B. At least fifty.
- C. At most forty.
- D. At most fifty.

53. Why would people call Lucy before the event?

- A. To win a gift.
- B. To book a place.
- C. To get mint oil.
- D. To buy some tools.

54. What is the right order of the steps?



A. ③→①→②→④

B. ②→④→①→③

C. ②→①→③→④

D. ③→②→④→①

55. What is the main purpose of the passage?

A. To introduce an activity.

B. To survey the users of a product.

C. To recommend a product.

D. To report the success of an activity.

B

Everyone knows that forests help fight climate change. However, a recent scientific report shows that the world lost 300,000 square kilometers of forests in 2024. That's an area about the size of Italy.

According to the report, for the first time ever, fires were the biggest cause of forest loss. ▲ This country has the largest area of rainforest in the world. Last year, it suffered from a long period of dry weather. Wildfires broke out and spread. As a result, about 25,000 square kilometers of the primary rainforest disappeared in the country. This meant fires caused 66% of its forest loss.

The second biggest cause of the world's forest loss was clearing land for farming. As people need more farmland, they keep cutting down forests every year. In 2024, the area of forest cleared for farming increased by 14% worldwide. The situation was more severe in developing countries. For example, Bolivia's forest loss doubled in 2024.

Without doubt, something must be done. Experts call on governments, businesses and people to work together before it is too late. It seems that China has set a good example. Thanks to cooperation at many levels, China had the biggest increase in forest area among all countries in 2024. That year alone, newly-planted trees in China covered an area of nearly 45,000 square kilometers, according to a news report. If more countries start to take action like China, the earth will become a greener planet.

56. The size of Italy is mentioned in Paragraph 1 to show _____.

A. why we need forests

B. where a disaster spread

C. what climate change is

D. how terrible forest loss was

57. Which of the following can be put in "▲" in Paragraph 2?

A. Farming is a reason.

B. Take Brazil for example.

C. Wildfires were stopped.

D. Read the report carefully.

58. What does the underlined word “severe” in Paragraph 3 mean?
- A. Serious. B. Boring.
C. Balanced. D. Positive.
59. What was the reason for the growth of China’s forest area in 2024?
- A. Enough land. B. Nice weather.
C. Good teamwork. D. Green technology.
60. What is the best title for the passage?
- A. Rainforest Became Larger B. Farmland Area Grew Rapidly
C. Forest Fires Caused Pollution D. Forest Loss Worried the World

C

配对阅读。左栏是五则向 AI 提问的指引，右栏是七个具体例子，请为每则指引匹配对应的例子，并在答题卡上将对应选项涂黑。选项中有两项为多余选项。

61. Don't use general questions when you ask AI for instructions. Instead, ask it to give you clear steps.	A. If you are wondering about the population of Canada, questions like “ <i>What is the popular of Canada?</i> ” will not get you the correct answer.
62. Make no mistakes in your questions, or you may not get correct answers.	B. Instead of asking “ <i>How do I cook a meal?</i> ” you can say “ <i>What are the steps to make a pancake with a pan?</i> ”
63. AI can answer questions about facts. But don't try to ask it for other people's private information.	C. If you tell AI “ <i>Guess if I'm happy today,</i> ” it will fail to do it because it has no ability to judge human feelings.
64. If you are not happy with a painting or a song AI creates, give it more instructions until you get what you like.	D. If you aren't satisfied with the picture AI draws, give more requirements like “ <i>Please add a pink window and paint the walls yellow.</i> ”
65. It's better to tell AI who you are. In this way, you'll get answers that meet your needs.	E. For a student who wants to improve his English reading, it is better to ask questions like “ <i>How can I improve my English reading as a Grade 9 student?</i> ” F. If you ask “ <i>Could you tell me the address of my desk-mate Mary?</i> ” AI will refuse to give you the answer because it is designed to protect people's personal information. G. A question like “ <i>Will it be nice tomorrow for jogging outside?</i> ” should be changed into “ <i>What is the weather like tomorrow?</i> ”

五、短文填空（本大题共 10 小题，每小题 1.5 分，共 15 分）

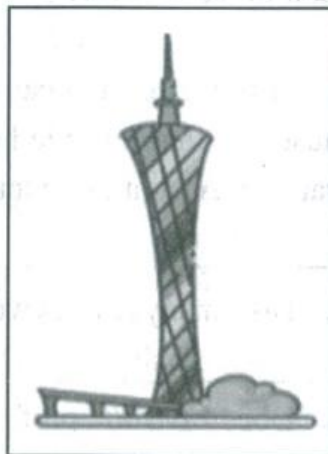
请从方框内选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空，使文章完整连贯。注意每空一词，每词仅用一次，有两词为多余选项。请将答案写在答题卡对应题目的答题位置上。

along	although	beauty	because
deep	enjoy	example	explore
new	performance	something	under

Mike is a landscape architect (设计师) from Europe. He came to Guangzhou 16 years ago and has never left since then.

Mike says he likes Guangzhou very much 66 the city is full of life. He lives in a traditional neighborhood. Every day, he can see his neighbors playing chess in the park, dancing 67 the river or chatting in the market. Mike 68 seeing these moments. He thinks the 69 of a city lies in both its people and its environment. “When people are connected to a place, it brings life to it,” Mike says.

Recently, Mike has formed a habit of cycling around to 70 the city at weekends. He says he loves to see old neighborhoods take on a 71 look. For him, city development is not about building 72 new, but about making use of what’s already there in a creative way. His favorite 73 is a car repair shop near his home. As people get together there at night and give some 74 of Guangdong opera, the shop turns into a community theater. “It wasn’t designed to be one; it just became one,” Mike tells a reporter. “This influenced me 75. I came to realize that, as architects, we should design with people to keep a city alive.”




六、读写综合（本大题分为 A、B 两部分，共 25 分）

A. 回答问题（本题共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

请阅读下面短文，根据所提供的信息，回答五个问题，并将答案写在答题卡对应题目的答题位置上。要求所写答案语法正确、信息完整切题。

Youth Weekly June 21, 2025

 **The Big Debate**

Is it better to visit a museum virtually or in person?

Now, many museums offer virtual (虚拟的) tours online to their visitors. Last week, we invited our readers to vote on whether they like to visit a museum virtually or in person. We received 3,386 votes in total. The result is shown by the pie chart (饼图) on the right.

Here are some opinions from the readers:

The experience will be so different when you are there and see things close up by yourself. It is something that virtual visits can't provide.

—Elvis007

Virtual tours of a museum offer convenience to people like me. I am always busy with work. I don't have time to travel many miles to visit a museum.

—Tony08

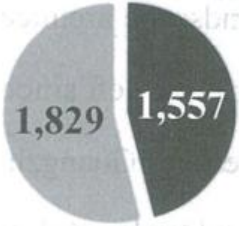
Last year, the famous Mogao Cave 285 was closed to the public for some repairs. I had to pay a virtual visit to the cave. Thanks to the new technology, I had a fantastic experience. It seemed that the dancers in the wall painting were dancing right in front of me.

—Lulu2025

I think nothing can compare to visiting a physical museum. I've been to some museums that provide hands-on activities. Once, I touched a rope from an ancient warship. At that moment, I felt like a time traveler to the past.

—Heidi36

The Pie Chart of the Voting Result



Visit Type	Number of Votes
in person	1,829
virtually	1,557

76. How many readers would like to visit a museum virtually according to the pie chart?

77. Does Elvis007 prefer to visit a museum in person or virtually?

78. What does *Tony08* think of virtual tours of a museum?

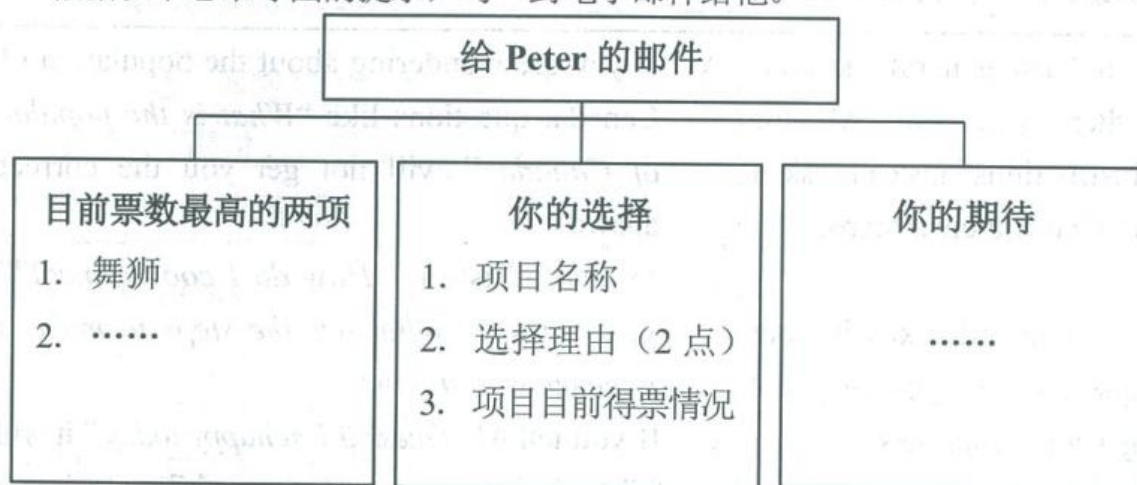
79. Why did *Lulu2025* have to visit Mogao Cave 285 virtually last year?

80. What did *Heidi36* feel like when she touched the rope?

B. 书面表达 (本题 15 分)

请根据要求完成短文写作, 并将短文写在答题卡对应题目的答题位置上。

81. 假设你是李明。你校计划与市博物馆合作举办民俗体验活动, 需要同学们从若干民俗项目中选出最想体验的一项。你期待交换生 *Peter* 也参与投票。请你根据以下思维导图的提示, 写一封电子邮件给他。



注意: (1) 可在思维导图内容提示的基础上适当拓展信息。

(2) 不能照抄原文; 不得在作文中出现真实校名和考生的真实姓名。

(3) 语句连贯, 词数 80 左右。作文开头和结尾已经给出, 不计入总词数, 也不必抄写在答题卡上。

Dear Peter,

Our school and the city museum will hold an event for us to get a taste of a folk custom. We are invited to vote for our favorite, and lion dance comes first now. _____

Best,

Li Ming