

宜春 2025—2026 学年上学期期中质量监测八年级英语试卷

(本卷总分 100 分, 考试时间 100 分钟, 所有答案须写在答题卡上)

一、听力测试 (20 分)

A) 请听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你将有 10 秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

() 1. Where are they talking?

- A. At the restaurant. B. In the street. C. At home.

() 2. Who visited Sally's family?

- A. Her aunt. B. Her uncle. C. Her friend.

() 3. What does the girl's sister like?

- A. Singing. B. Drawing. C. Reading.

() 4. How is the weather usually at this time?

- A. Warmer. B. Hotter. C. Cooler.

() 5. What does the man mean?

- A. He missed the bus yesterday morning.
B. He had a bus accident yesterday morning.
C. He got to the bus station at 7: 50 yesterday morning.

B) 请听下面 4 段对话。每段对话后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前, 你将有时间阅读各小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。

请听第 1 段对话, 回答第 6、7 小题。

() 6. What's Bob's favourite subject?

- A. History. B. Biology. C. All the subjects.

() 7. What does Rose often read at night?

- A. Books about plants and films.
B. Books about animals and all the living things.
C. Books about plants and animals.

请听第 2 段对话, 回答第 8、9 小题。

() 8. Who runs faster than Lucy?

- A. Mary. B. Mark. C. Jack.

() 9. How long does Jack play baseball a day?

- A. About half an hour.
B. About one hour.
C. About four hours.

请听第 3 段对话, 回答第 10 至 12 小题。

() 10. What did the boy do last weekend?

- A. He went camping. B. He went shopping. C. He went hiking.

- () 11. Who did the boy go with last weekend?
 A. His brothers. B. His friends. C. His parents.
- () 12. What is the girl good at?
 A. Washing clothes. B. Making friends. C. Getting things cheaper.

请听第 4 段对话，回答第 13 至第 15 小题。

- () 13. What's Miss Green's new job?
 A. A student. B. A teacher. C. A driver.
- () 14. What time must Miss Green arrive in the afternoon on weekdays?
 A. At 2:15 p.m. B. At 2:30 p.m. C. At 2:45 p.m.
- () 15. What can we get from the conversation?
 A. The class begins at 8:15.
 B. Miss Green begins her job this Monday.
 C. Miss Green has a two-day holiday every week.

C) 请听下面一段独白，根据独白内容完成下列句子，每个空格不超过 3 个单词。听独白前你将有 50 秒钟的时间阅读句子内容。独白读两遍。

16. The best place to grow tea is the _____ in the mountains.
17. When the tea plants are _____ years old, the leaves can be picked.
18. The workers choose the _____ leaves when they pick the tea leaves.
19. The tea leaves are sent to a(n) _____ and made to become dry in warm air.
20. At last, the green leaves will turn darker brown and that makes all kinds of tea _____.

二、单项选择 (8 分)

请阅读下面各小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入相应空白处的最佳选项，并将答案的序号填在答题卷的相应位置上。(每小题 1 分，共 8 分)

- () 21.—Lisa, you travelled to many countries these years. Can you tell me your next _____?
 —Sure.
 A. poster B. journey C. treasure D. situation
- () 22.—As we all know, many animals are in danger now.
 —So we must try to _____ them.
 A. touch B. imagine C. plan D. protect
- () 23.—I can't find my English textbook. Have you seen it?
 —Yes! You left it _____ in the library yesterday.
 A. anywhere B. somewhere C. everywhere D. nowhere
- () 24.—The summer vacation is coming. I can't wait to swim in the sea.
 —Don't swim in the deep area, _____ when you are alone.
 A. probably B. perhaps C. especially D. exactly
- () 25. Nowadays, China is one of the strongest _____ in the world. I believe it will be _____.
 A. countries, best and best B. country, better and better

C. countries, better and better

D. country, more and more better

() 26. —Where is Mom? I get her something beautiful.

—Oh, she _____ the dog at the moment.

A. walks

B. is walking

C. walked

D. walk

() 27. _____ it rained heavily yesterday, we still walked to the old people's home.

A. Because

B. If

C. Although

D. So

() 28. My father asked me to _____ my books before leaving home.

A. hang out

B. put away

C. take off

D. put up

三、完形填空 (21 分)

A) 请先阅读下面的短文，掌握其大意，然后从各小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入相应空白处的最佳选项，并将答案的序号填在答题卷的相应位置 (每小题 1 分，共 10 分)

Last summer, my family and I went to Zhangjiajie, a beautiful place in Hunan. We really had a good time! It was the first time that I had visited there, but it was the most _____ 29 _____ trip.

On the first day, we went to climb Tianmen Mountain. _____ 30 _____ we walked along the small road, we met a group of old people. They were climbing the mountain and everyone seemed to be over 60 years old. They looked a little tired, but they said they decided to get to the _____ 31 _____. Mr Li, one of the old men, left a deep impression(印象) on me. He had a cane(手杖) in his _____ 32 _____ and walked slowly. It seemed difficult for him to climb. _____ 33 _____, he was very happy along the way. I asked him why he chose to climb at his age. "Because I want to prove(证明) that _____ 34 _____ is just a number. I can still do anything that I _____ 35 _____," he said.

As we _____ 36 _____ the top, I found Mr Li was there. He took out the erhu and started to play it. The music was so _____ 37 _____ that a lot of people stood around him to listen to it carefully.

What Mr Li said and did really _____ 38 _____ me. I have learned that I should make my dreams come true and enjoy the fun of the process no matter how old I am.

() 29. A. terrible

B. pleasant

C. boring

D. common

() 30. A. But

B. Until

C. As

D. If

() 31. A. top

B. middle

C. side

D. head

() 32. A. arm

B. leg

C. hand

D. foot

() 33. A. However

B. Later

C. Soon

D. Sometimes

() 34. A. price

B. money

C. treasure

D. age

() 35. A. decorate

B. love

C. hunt

D. invite

() 36. A. reached

B. appeared

C. left

D. found

() 37. A. strange

B. fantastic

C. important

D. loud

() 38. A. pulled

B. touched

C. lifted

D. described

B) 请先阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从方框中所给的单词中选出最恰当的词并用其正确形

式填空。每个词限用一次。并将答案填在答题卷的相应位置上。(每小题 1 分, 共 11 分)

perhaps until several them filled wherever scissor treasure careful feed clean

It was a sunny Saturday morning, and our family decided ____39____ up our house. The house became a bit dirty over the winter, with some rubbish here and there.

We started in the kitchen. Mom used ____40____ to cut open old food packages(包裹) that needed to be thrown away(丢掉). I packed up some old things very ____41____. Dad swept the floor. As we cleaned, we found things from ____42____ years ago. There was a small, dusty box under the bed. When we opened it, we discovered some old family photos that recorded our happy times from years ago. They were like our ____43____. We swept every corner ____44____ the floors looked very clean. In the living room, we hung up some photos of our family and ____45____ the fish. After hours of hard labor, the house looked really new.

To celebrate our achievement, Mom baked freshly-made biscuits. We sat down together, enjoyed ____46____ and looked around at our clean home. ____47____ the real treasure wasn't the things we found, but the joy and togetherness of working as a family. It was a day ____48____ with laughter and the sweet smell of success. ____49____ I go, I will remember my sweet home forever.

39. _____ 40. _____ 41. _____ 42. _____ 43. _____

44. _____ 45. _____ 46. _____ 47. _____ 48. _____ 49. _____

四、阅读理解(本大题共 18 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 36 分)

A) 请阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

Where is it?

Haverigg Campsite is near the beach. You can come by train from Barrow (45 minutes) or by bus from Millom(5 minutes).

What can you do here?

You can learn to surf and sail a boat here because there is a water sports center.

Where can you visit?

There's a lake near the campsite where you can see lots of different birds. The lighthouse in Haverigg is very old, so it's a fascinating place to visit.

What has the campsite got?

We have got everything! This campsite has got shops and a cafe (with Internet).

Prices

size of tents	1 night	a week
Small tent	£30	£ 120
Big tent	£45	£ 150

A 20% discount(折扣) for staying for two nights or more.

- ()50. How can you get to Haverigg Campsite?
 A. By train from Millom. B. By bus from Millom.
 C. By subway from Barrow. D. By boat from Barrow.
- ()51. What can't you do at Haverigg Campsite?
 A. Play water sports. B. Surf the Internet.
 C. Visit a new lighthouse. D. Do some shopping.
- ()52. The Greens are going to stay in a big tent for 3 nights from Friday to Sunday. How much should they pay?
 A. £90. B. £108. C. £135. D. £150.

B

Pasang lives in a village in Nepal. There are always many foreign tourists. Visitors always stop at his mum and dad's teahouse, so his parents need his help to get everything ready every day!

One day, Pasang noticed a boy in the visitor group. Pasang put a teacup in front of him. The boy took his cup and smiled. Pasang had a talk with him, and he found that they had many common hobbies, like playing football and collecting stamps. Pasang showed the boy around the village. Then the boy left for the Qomolangma Base Camp in Nepal.

The rest of the day was busy! Later the weather turned bad. Pasang's father came in, looking worried. "A storm is coming down the mountain. Those visitors on the trail(路线) to the mountain might get lost!"

Pasang felt afraid when he heard this because things could be more terrible if someone got lost in this weather! His father called the men in the village together to go to the mountain and make sure the visitors on the trail were safe. Pasang insisted on(坚持) coming along because he wanted to make sure the boy would be OK.

After hiking up the trail for an hour or more, he finally found the boy. It looked as if he had fallen and hurt his leg! The young tourist was glad to see Pasang! He smiled at Pasang and made a gesture(手势) as if he thanked him. They both laughed happily!

- ()53. What does Pasang do in his parents' teahouse every day?
 A. He has a rest. B. He does his homework.
 C. He helps his parents get everything ready. D. He plays with his friends.
- ()54. What hobbies did the boy and Pasang have in common?
 A. Drinking tea and collecting stamps. B. Playing football and climbing mountains,
 C. Drinking tea and playing football. D. Playing football and collecting stamps.
- ()55. Put the events about Pasang into the correct order according to the passage.
 a. He noticed a boy in the visitor group and found they shared common hobbies.
 b. His father and the men in the village went to the mountain together.
 c. He and the boy laughed happily after the rescue(营救).
 d. His father said visitors on the mountain trail might get lost because of the coming storm.
 A. a-b-d-c B. a-d-b-c C. b-d-a-c D. d-a-b-c

- ()56. What is the writer's purpose of writing the text?
- A. To describe a dangerous mountain road. B. To show help and kindness among people.
C. To introduce a village in Nepal. D. To tell ways to stay safe in the mountains.
- ()57. What do you think most probably happened next?
- A. Pasang and the boy became good friends.
B. The boy helped Pasang to be a better person.
C. Pasang fought with the boy in his parents' teahouse.
D. The boy invited Pasang to play basketball with him.

C

The toucan(巨嘴鸟) is a beautiful bird. Take a look at these facts about it, and you may learn something you didn't know before!

Toucans live in the forests of South America. Their home is in danger. Please don't buy rainforest wood to make sure toucans have their habitat.

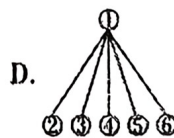
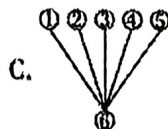
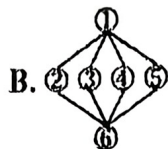
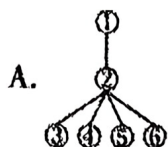
Toucans have a black body about 24 inches long. They have a colourful beak(鸟喙). It is 1/3 as long as the bird's body. It may look quite big, but for toucans it is not too heavy.

Toucans use their beaks to eat different kinds of fruits, which are the kind of food they eat most often. Sometimes they choose insects or the eggs of other birds to eat. They get most of their water from the fruit they eat, so they don't need too much extra water.

Toucans don't have very big wings. It is not easy for them to fly. They are lazy birds and they usually like to stay in one place. They don't fly high up in the sky or very far away from home. They enjoy staying in trees with their delicious fruit to eat.

____▲____ Wild cats and other larger birds catch toucans in the rainforest. Some snakes may catch small toucans but usually are more interested in their eggs.

- ()58. Where do Toucans live?
- A. In the forests of North America. B. In the forests of South America.
C. In the forests of North Africa. D. In the forests of South Africa.
- ()59. What does the underlined "habitat" in the Paragraph 2?
- A. The place where animals live. B. The food that animals eat.
C. The name of a kind of bird. D. The color of the bird's body.
- ()60. Which of the following statements can be put into ____▲____?
- A. Toucans have many natural enemies(天敌) in their lives.
B. Toucans mainly feed on fruits and sometimes eat insects.
C. The colorful beak of toucans is special.
D. Toucans get most of their water from the fruit they eat.
- ()61. Which of the following best describes the structure of the passage?



()62. What is the best title for the passage?

A. The Eating Habits of Toucans

B. The Facts of Toucans

C. The Appearance of Toucans

D. The Ways to Protect Toucans

B) 请先阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后根据短文内容从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个还原到文中, 使短文意思通顺、结构完整。一空一句。

Everybody knows that there are usually four seasons in a year. 63

As our planet moves around the sun, the light from the sun falls on the earth from different directions. This helps create the seasons. At different times of the year, there is more sunlight in some places and less sunlight in others. More sunlight means longer days and warmer weather. 64 It gets colder in autumn and winter because the days are shorter, and we get less light from the sun.

The seasons fall at different times of the year around the world. For example, China is to the north of the equator(赤道). Here, we experience summer from June to August. 65 In Australia, it is summer from December to February, and Australians have their spring when we have our autumn.

66 The hottest and the coldest parts of the world usually have only two seasons. It is always hot in places close to the equator. These places are the tropics(热带地区). Instead of our four seasons, many parts of the tropics have a rainy season and a dry season. 67 Around the North and South Poles, there are only two seasons too: a very cold winter and a somewhat less cold summer.

A. But spring and summer are long.

B. This is why we have spring and summer.

C. But do you know how the four seasons come?

D. People will never experience winter in these areas.

E. But do you know the colours of the four seasons?

F. Not all places in the world have four seasons like ours.

G. To the south of the equator, June, July and August are winter months.

63. _____ 64. _____ 65. _____ 66. _____ 67. _____

五. 补全对话。(每空 1 分, 共 5 分)

请阅读下面对话, 根据对话内容从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个填入空白处, 使对话通顺、合理, 意思完整。

(Tom and Ann are talking about China. T = Tom, A = Ann.)

T: Ann, I want to know something about China. 68

A: Sure. Go ahead.

T: 69

A: The Yangtze River.

T: That's right. I know about this river. 70

A: About 6,300 kilometers long. It is the third longest river in the world.

T: 71

A: Yes. They mainly live on bamboo and only weigh about 0.1 to 0.2 kilos at birth.

T: That sounds fun. 72

A: Yes. It's bigger than any other country in Asia.

- A. How long is it?
- B. Is China very popular in Asia?
- C. May I ask you some questions?
- D. Are pandas a symbol of China?
- E. What's the longest river in China?
- F. Is China the biggest country in Asia?
- G. Are there many kinds of animals in China?

68. _____ 69. _____ 70. _____ 71. _____ 72. _____

六、书面表达 (10 分)

英语校报正面向全校学生征稿, 本次主题是 My Best Friend and I。假如你是 Lucy, Helen 是你最好的朋友。请你根据以下要点提示完成投稿。

要点提示:

1. Who is taller? Who has longer hair? Who is more outgoing? ...

(比较一下你们在外貌、性格、爱好等方面的相同点或不同点)

2. Where did you and Helen go this summer holiday and what did you do there? Please share **at least two** things you did together. (the People's Park, pick up rubbish ...)

3. What's your opinion about "friends" or "friendship" ?

写作要求:

- (1) 短文内容应包括要点提示中所有信息, 条理清晰, 可适当发挥;
- (2) 语句通顺, 语法正确, 80 词左右; 开头已给出, 不计入总词数;
- (3) 文中不得出现真实人名和校名。

My Best Friend and I

I'm Lucy. Today I want to introduce my best friend Helen to you.
